

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI
TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY,
DEHRADUN (UTTARAKHAND)
B.A.LL.B. 5 YEAR, B.B.A.LL.B 5 Year and LL.B
3Year
Minor Modification (Incorporation of New
Criminal Laws)
W.e.f.-2024-25withCurrentSemester**

B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B. THIRD YEAR

Fifth Semester

Paper Code	SUBJECTS	Credit	L:T:P
ILA501/ILM501	Substantial Law of Crime Paper -I (BNS-I)	4	04:01:00
ILA502/ILM502	Labour and Industrial Law-I	4	04:01:00
ILA503/ILM503	Jurisprudence	4	04:01:00
ILA504/ILM504	Constitutional Law -I	4	04:01:00
ILA505/ILM505	French Language -I	Non-Credit Course	04:01:00

Sixth Semester

PaperCode	SUBJECTS	Credit	L:T:P
ILA601/ILM601	Substantial Law of Crimes Paper II (BNS-II)	4	04:01:00
ILA602/ILM602	Constitutional Law-II	4	04:01:00
ILA603/ILM603	Labour and Industrial Law-II	4	04:01:00
ILA604/ILM604	Human Rights and Practice including Protection of Women from Domestic Violence and Juvenile Justice Act.	4	04:01:00
ILA605/ILM605	French Language II	Non-Credit Course	04:01:00

B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B. FOURTH YEAR

Seventh Semester

PaperCode	SUBJECTS	Credit	L:T:P
ILA701/ILM701	Law of Evidence- Bhartiya Sakshay Adhiniyam	4	04:01:00
ILA702/ILM702	Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act	4	04:01:00
ILA703/ILM703	Cyber Law	4	04:01:00
ILA704/ILM704	Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System Clinical Course-I	4	03:00:02
ILA705/ILM705	Procedural Law of Crimes-I (BNSS I)	4	04:01:00

Note: Paper Code – ILA 704 entitled, “Professional Ethics, Accountability of lawyers and Bar Bench Relation (Practical Training)” course will be taught in association with the practicing Lawyers retired Judges retired Law teachers. This paper will carry **04 Credit (Maximum 100 Marks)**. The written examination on this paper (Theory Paper) will be in **descriptive form** and of **three (03) hours duration**, will carry **50 Marks and will be considered external**. The written examination (Theory Paper) shall be held by way of paper with the other theory papers. **The Practical Viva-voce Examination will carry 50 Marks**. The students shall be given Assignments by the subject teacher. Students will record the answer to all the Assignments by preparing a **Project File**. **The Project File will carry 30 Marks**. **The Project File will be evaluated by the Board of Examiners (constituted of an internal and external examiner, who will be appointed by the University) at the time of the Practical Viva- voce examination. The Viva-voce will carry 20 Marks.**

Eighth Semester

Paper Code	SUBJECTS	Credit	L:T:P
ILA801/ILM801	Administrative Law	4	04:01:00
ILA802/ILM802	Property Law	4	04:01:00
ILA803/803	Intellectual Property Law	4	04:01:00
ILA804/804	Alternate dispute resolution Clinical Course-II	4	03:00:02
ILA805/ILM805	Procedural Law of Crimes-I (BNSS II)	4	04:01:00

Note : Paper Code – ILA 804 entitled, “Arbitration, Conciliation And Alternate Dispute Resolution (Practical Training)” will be taught partly through class room lectures including simulating exercise and partly through extension programmes like Lok-Adalat, etc. The course will be taught in association with **practicing lawyers retired Judges retired Law Teachers**.

The Classroom instructions shall include lessons on the concepts and practice of Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution. This paper will carry **04 Credit (Maximum 100 Marks)**. The written examination on this paper (Theory Paper) will be in **descriptive form** and of **three (03) hours duration**, will carry **50 Marks and will be considered external**. The written examination (Theory Paper) shall be held by way of paper with the other theory papers. **The Practical Viva – voce Examination will carry 50 Marks**. Students will be required to maintain the **Diary of the Sessional Work** for this paper in which they shall **record the written exercises assigned to them** by the subject teacher during the session and their observations about the field work training work of Lok Adalat etc. organized by the Law Department of the College University and attended by them. The **Sessional Diary** will carry **20 Marks** and will be **evaluated by the Board of Examiners at the time of Semester Practical Viva-voce examination**. **Twenty (20) Marks** are assigned for the **legal field work** assigned by his /her subject teacher supervisor carried on by student during the Session. **Such field work will be evaluated by Board of Examiners**. The marks earned by the students for the legal fieldwork during the Session will be conveyed to the University by Board of Examiners (**constituted of an internal and external examiner, who will be appointed by the University**) to be held at the time of Practical Viva-voce examination. **The Viva-voce will carry 10 Marks**. **Guidelines** :It is advisable that the Law Department of the College University should organize fieldwork in such a manner that all the students get an opportunity to participate in field work so that each candidate maybe able to attend at least two such field assignments.

LL.B. Three Years

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	L:T:P
LUG101	Law of Torts including MV accident and Consumer Protection Laws.	4	4:1:0
LUG102	Jurisprudence (Legal Method, Indian Legal System and Basic Theory of Law)	4	4:1:0
LUG103	Law of Contract including Specific Relief Act & Sale of Goods Act	4	4:1:0
LUG104	Constitutional Law-I	4	4:1:0
LUG105	English and Legal Language	4	4:1:0
LUG106	Substantial law of Crimes-I (BNS I)	4	4:1:0

SEMESTER– II:

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Paper Code	L:T:P
LUG201	Law of Special Contract including Indian Partnership Act & Negotiable Instrument Act)	4	4:1:0
LUG202	Constitutional Law-II	4	4:1:0

LUG203	Family Law-I (Hindu Law)	4	4:1:0
LUG204	Property Law (Transfer of Property Act and Easement Act)	4	4:1:0
LUG 205 AndLUG206	<u>Optional Papers</u> The student has to opt for any one optional Paper(subject to availability of expert Faculty in the Department) among the following :		
	Indian Legal And Constitutional History OR	4	4:1:0
	Law of Taxation	4	4:1:0
LUG207	Substantial Law of Crimes II (BNS II)	4	4:1:0

SEMESTER– III:ONLY FOR2024-25 (2023-24 to2025-26)

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Paper Code	Max. Marks
LUG301	Labour and Industrial Law-I	4	4:1:0
LUG 302	Law of Crimes Paper-I:BNS	4	4:1:0
LUG 303	Family Law-II	4	4:1:0
LUG 304	Company Law	4	4:1:0
LUG305	Professional Ethics, Accountability of Lawyers and Bar Bench Relation Clinical Course-I(Practical Training)	4	4:1:0
LUG306	Computer Literacy and E-Library (Noncredit but qualifying subject of 100 marks. To qualifying learnerhastoobtain30marksoutof100andnodegree will be Awarded without qualify this subject.	NON CREDIT QUALIFYING	4:1:0

Note : Paper Code – LUG-305 entitled, “Professional Ethics, Accountability of Lawyers And Bar Bench Relation (Practical Training)” course will be taught in association with the practicing Lawyers / retired Judges / retired Law Teachers. This paper will carry **04 Credit (Maximum 100 Marks)**. The written examination on this paper (Theory Paper) will be in **descriptive form** and of **three (03) hours duration**, will carry **50 Marks and will be considered external**. The written examination (Theory Paper) shall be held by way of paper with the other theory papers. **The Practical / Viva-voce Examination will carry 50 Marks**. The students shall be given Assignments by the subject teacher. Students will record the answer to all the Assignments by preparing a **Project File**. **The Project File will carry 30 Marks**. **The Project File will be evaluated by the Board of Examiners (constituted of an internal and external examiner, who will be appointed by the University) at the time of Practical / Viva-voce examination**. The **Viva-voce** will carry **20 Marks**.

SEMESTER– IV: ONLYFOR 2024-25 (2023-24 to2025-26)

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credits	Max. Marks
LUG401	Law of Crimes Paper II :BNSS	4	100
LUG402	Administrative Law	4	100
LUG403	Environmental Law	4	100
LUG404	Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation.	4	
LUG405	Labour and Industrial Law-II	4	100
LUG406	Arbitration, Conciliation And Alternate Dispute Resolution(Practical Training)Clinical Course-II	4	100

Note : Paper Code – LUG 406 entitled, “Arbitration, Conciliation And Alternate Dispute Resolution (Practical Training)” will be taught partly through class room lectures including simulating exercise and partly through extension programme like Lok-Adalat, etc. The Course will be taught in association with **practicing lawyers/retired Judges/retired Law Teachers**. The Class room instructions shall include lessons on the concepts and practice of Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution. This paper will carry **04 Credit (Maximum 100 Marks)**. The written examination on this paper (Theory Paper) will be in **descriptive form** and of **three (03) hours duration**, will carry **50 Marks and will be considered external**. The written examination (Theory Paper) shall be held by way of paper with the other theory papers. **The Practical / Viva-voce Examination will carry 50 Marks**. Students will be required to maintain the **Diary of the Sessional Work** for this paper in which they shall **record the written exercises assigned to them** by the subject teacher during the session and their observations about the field work / training work of Lok Adalat etc. organized by the Law Department of the College / University and attended by them. The **Sessional Diary** will carry **20 Marks** and will be **evaluated by the Board of Examiners at the time of Semester Practical / Viva-voce examination. Twenty (20) Marks** are assigned for the **legal field work** assigned by his / her subject teacher / supervisor carried on by student during the Session. **Such field work will be evaluated by Board of Examiners**. The marks earned by the students for the legal field work during the Session will be conveyed to the University by Board of Examiners (**constituted of an internal and external examiner, who will be appointed by the University**) to be held at the time of Practical / Viva-voce examination. The **Viva-voce will carry 10 Marks**.

Guidelines: It is advisable that the Law Department of the College / University should organize fieldwork in such a manner that all the students get an opportunity to participate in fieldwork so that each candidate may be able to attend at least two such field assignments.

SEMESTER– III:

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Paper Code	Max. Marks
LUG301	Labour and Industrial Law-I	4	4:1:0
LUG 302	Procedural Law of Crimes Paper-I:(BNS-I)	4	4:1:0
LUG 303	Family Law-II	4	4:1:0
LUG 304	Company Law	4	4:1:0
LUG305	Professional Ethics, Accountability of Lawyers and Bar Bench Relation Clinical Course-I (Practical Training)	4	4:1:0

LUG306	Computer Literacy and E-Library (Noncreditbutqualifyingsubjectof100marks.To qualifying learnerhastoobtain30marksoutof100andnodegree will be awarded without qualify this subject.	NON CREDIT QUALIFYING	4:1:0
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SEMESTER– IV

Paper Code	Title Of the Paper	Credits	Max. Marks
LUG401	Procedural Law of Crimes Paper II:BNSS	4	100
LUG402	Administrative Law	4	100
LUG403	Environmental Law	4	100
LUG404	Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation.	4	
LUG405	Labour and Industrial Law-II	4	100
LUG406	Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution(Practical Training)Clinical Course-II	4	100

Note : Paper Code – LUG 406 entitled, “Arbitration, Conciliation And Alternate Dispute Resolution (Practical Training)” will be taught partly through class room lectures including simulating exercise and partly through extension programme like Lok-Adalat, etc. The Course will be taught in association with **practicing lawyers/retired Judges/retired Law Teachers**. The Class room instructions shall include lessons on the concepts and practice of Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution. This paper will carry **04 Credit (Maximum 100 Marks)**. The written examination on this paper (Theory Paper) will be in **descriptive form** and of **three (03) hours duration**, will carry **50 Marks and will be considered external**. The written examination (Theory Paper) shall be held by way of paper with the other theory papers. **The Practical / Viva-voce Examination will carry 50 Marks**. Students will be required to maintain the **Diary of the Sessional Work** for this paper in which they shall **record the written exercises assigned to them** by the subject teacher during the session and their observations about the field work / training work of Lok Adalat etc. organized by the Law Department of the College / University and attended by them. The **Sessional Diary** will carry **20 Marks** and will be **evaluated by the Board of Examiners at the time of Semester Practical / Viva-voce examination. Twenty (20) Marks** are assigned for the **legal field work** assigned by his / her subject teacher / supervisor carried on by student during the Session. **Such field work will be evaluated by Board of Examiners**. The marks earned by the students for the legal field work during the Session will be conveyed to the University by Board of Examiners (**constituted of an internal and external examiner, who will be appointed by the University**) to be held at the time of Practical / Viva-voce examination. The **Viva-voce will carry 10 Marks**.

Guidelines: It is advisable that the Law Department of the College / University should organize field work in such a manner that all the students get an opportunity to participate in field work so that each candidate may be able to attend at least two such field assignments.

SEMESTER–V :

Paper Code.	Title of the Paper	Credits	L:T:P
LUG501	Law of Evidence (BHARATIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM 2023)	4	4:1:0
LUG 502	Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act	4	4:1:0
LUG 503	Public International Law	4	4:1:0
LUG 504	Insurance Law	4	4:1:0
LUG506	Drafting of Pleading and Conveyancing (Practical Training) Clinical Course-III	4	3:0:2
LUG			

Note : Paper Code – LUG 506 entitled, “Drafting of Pleading And Conveyancing” will carry 04 Credits (**Maximum 100 Marks**) which will be divided into **Theory Paper** and **Practical / Viva-voce examination carrying 50 Marks each**. The Theory paper will be conducted at the time of other Theory papers. This course will be taught through class instructions and simulation exercises, preferably with the assistance of practicing Lawyers / retired Judges. Apart from teaching the relevant provisions of law, the course will include **10 written exercises in Drafting of pleading carrying 20 Marks (2 Marks for each exercise)** and **10 written exercises in Conveyancing carrying 20 Marks (2 Marks for each exercise)**. Each student will maintain a **Sessional Exercise Book** for the purpose and write down all the exercise in Pleading and Conveyancing during regular classes. **It will be assessed by the Board of Practical / Viva-voce Examiners ((constituted of an internal and external examiner, who will be appointed by the University). The Viva-voce will be for 10 Marks.**

SEMESTER– VI:

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	L:T:P
LUG601	Land Laws including Tenure and Tenancy System.	4	4:1:0
LUG 602	Human Rights Laws and Practice including Protection of Women from Domestic Violence and Juvenile Justice Act.	4	4:1:0
LUG 603	Cyber Laws	4	4:1:0
LUG604 OR LUG605 OR LUG 606	<u>Optional Papers</u> Student has to opt any one of the following optional Paper (subject to availability of expert Faculty in the Department) among the following :		
	Intellectual Property Law OR	4	4:1:0
	Law Relating to Women and Child OR	4	4:1:0
	Law Relating to Right to Information	4	4:1:0

LUG 607	Moot Court, Pre-Trial Preparation And Participation In Trial Proceedings' (Practical Training)Clinic Course-IV	4	3:0:2
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Note: Paper Code – LUG 607 entitled, “Moot Court, Pre-Trial Preparation And Participation In Trial Proceedings (Practical Training)” shall comprise of the following:

(A). Moot Court: The **Maximum Marks to this Paper will be 100.** Each student will do **at least Two Moot Courts** in a Semester with **10 Marks each.** The Moot Court work will be on assigned problem and will be evaluated for **5 Marks** for written submissions (to be recorded in Sessional Diary) and **5 Marks** for Oral Advocacy.

Guidelines: For the purpose of Moot Court, **groups will be formed of 8/10 students** and cases involving several issues shall be assigned in Court practice *i.e.* Operation of Courts and legal professionals on panel of the College / University may be sought, especially in the matter of getting copies of paper books of cases which have been decided by various Courts.

The Course shall emphasize points of Court craft and decorum. The **male students shall wear white pant – shirt** and a **Black Tie** and **female students shall wear white dress with black scarf** while addressing a Moot Court and during their visits to the Court / Advocates chambers and other practical training programmes.

Practice Moots shall be held as a routine in the class itself and the three compulsory test Moots for examination shall be held after such practice Moots near the end of semester term. Attendance at such practice Moot Courts shall be counted. Each student shall be required to maintain a regular record of his / her preparation for all the Moot Courts attended by him/her in the Sessional Diary. **The Sessional Diary will carry 15 Marks (5 Marks for each Test Moot).**

(B). Court Assignments: Observation of Trial in **Four Cases** *i.e.* **Two Cases in Civil and Two in Criminal.** Each student will attend **Four Trial Courts during the Semester term.**

He / She will maintain record of his/her visits in his/ her Diary of Sessional Work and enter the various steps observed during his / her attendance on different days in the Court assignment. This Scheme will carry **25 Marks.**

(c). Interviewing Techniques and Pre-Trial Preparation:

(i). Each student will observe for Interviewing Sessions of Clients at the Lawyer’s Office /Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in the Diary of Sessional Work, which will carry **10 Marks.**

(ii). Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and Court Papers by the Advocate and procedure for filing the Suit / Petition. This will be recorded in **Sessional Diary** which will carry **10 Marks.**

Guidelines: To make the training meaningful, student’s visits have to be organized for a continuous period, sufficiently long to observe and understand the process taking place in their proper context. Efforts should be directed to acquaint the students in the different branches of legal practice including **Civil, Criminal, Revenue, and Labour Court Practice.** Besides the legal Professionals on the College / University Panel, the students should regularly be supervised and helped by the subject teacher / tutor. It is desirable that besides Advocates Chambers the students are taken for academic Family Court / Revenue Court / Income Tax & Sales Tax Offices and other venues where judicial administrative proceedings are held. The **Indian Law Institute, Parliament, Supreme Court, and High Courts, Tribunals etc.,** may be visited to make the training academically multifarious. This programme can be intellectually and professionally challenging if properly organized and integrated with Curriculum.

(D). Viva-voce: The **Fourth Component** of this Paper will be Viva –voce examination By the **Board of Examiners on the above three aspects.** This will carry **10 Marks.**

ANNEXURE-I

W.e.f. -2024-25 for all batches

Subject Code-(ILA501/ILM501)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B. Vth Semester

Syllabus

Substantial Law of Crime-I (BNS I)

L: T: P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the historical development of the Sanhita, the conceptual analysis of crime, and their punishments.
- To familiarize with the concept of criminal liability.
- To discuss the different kinds of inchoate crimes and the legal implications of offences against women and children.

Learning Outcomes: After completing the course, the student shall be able:

- To understand the extent and operation of the Sanhita.
- To analyze and interpret the concept of different kinds of offences and punishments.
- To interpret the concept of criminal liability.
- To analyze inchoate crime and different offences affecting women and children.

Unit I: Introduction

8 HRS

- 1) Nature, definition and type of crimes
- 2) Elements of crime- Actus reas and Mens rea
- 3) Stages of crime
- 4) Intention and Theories of Negligence
- 5) Theories of Punishment

UnitII: Definitions, General Explanations and General Exceptions

8 HRS

- 1) Definitions and General explanation(S2-3)
- 2) Punishments(S4-13)

3) General Exceptions(S14-44)

UnitIII: Inchoate Crimes & Offence Against Women

8 HRS

1) Abetment(S45-60)

2) Criminal Conspiracy(S-61)

3) Attempt (S-62)

Unit IV: Offence Against Women and Child

8 HRS

1) Sexual offence (S63-73)

2) Criminal force and assault against women(S 74-79)

3) Offence relating to marriage, Dowry Death (S80) .Bigamy (S82)&Cruelty(S85-86)

4) Offence against Child(S91-97)

Referred Cases:

1. King v. Birendra kumar Ghosh (Common Intention)
2. Kehar Singh v. State of Delhi (Murder)
3. Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan(Sexual 1 Harassment)
4. Nalwah Ali v. State of UP (Common object)
5. Pawan Kumar v.State of Haryana (Cruelty)
6. Roopan Deol Bajaj v. K.P.S.Gill (Outraging modesty of women)
7. State of UP v. Sukhpal Singh& Others(Dacoity &Murder)
8. Bachan Singh v.State of Punjab(Capital Punishment)
9. Gian Kaur v.State of Punjab (Euthanasia Mercy Killing)
10. Satvir v. State of UP (Murder Common Intention)
11. Shilpa Mittal v. State of NCT Of Delhi(Juvenile Heinous Crime)\
12. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India (Unnatural Offences)
13. Subed Ali v. State of Assam (Murder)
14. Satyam Dube v. Union of India(Hathras Rape case)
15. Joseph Shine v. Union of India (Adultery)

Suggested Readings:

1. C.K. Takwani ,Indian Penal Code, EBC Publishing.
2. Ratanlal and Dhiraj lal, Indian Penal Code, LexisNexis
3. KDGuar,CriminalLawcasesandmaterial,ButterworthsIndia4.S.N.Mishra, Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publishing Agency
5. RC Nigam, Law of Crimes, Vol. I and II

ANNEXURE-II **wif....2024-25allbatches**

Subject Code-(ILA601/ILM601)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B. 6th Semester

Syllabus

Substantial Law of Crime-II (BNS II)

L:T:P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the historical development of the Sanhita, the
- Conceptual analysis of crime, and their punishments..
- To explain the different offences affecting the human body like murder, grievous hurt organized crime, mob lynching etc. and offences affecting reputation.
- To acquaint the students with various acts that affect the State, public tranquility and false evidence.
- To explain the different offences relating to property.

Learning Outcomes: After completing the course, the student shall be able:

- To understand the basic doctrinal philosophy of the Sanhita.
- To identify the various offences affecting the human body.
- To explain the different offences relating to State, public tranquility and property.

Unit I: Offence Affecting Human Body

8 HRS

- 1) Offences affecting life
- 2) Culpable Homicide (S100, 102, 105, 110)
- 3) Murder(S 101,103, 104, 109)
- 4) Suicide(S 107-108)
- 5) Organized crime(S111-112)
- 6).Terrorist Act (S113)
- 7) Hurt(S114-125)

- 8) Wrongful Restraint and confinement (S126-127)
- 9) Criminal force and assault(S 128-136)
- 10) Kidnapping, abduction, slavery and forced labour(S137-146)

UnitII: Offence against State and Defamation

8 HRS

- 1) Offence against the state(S147-158)
- 2) Defamation(S356)

Unit: III Offence against Public Tranquility, Public Justice and Public Nuisance

8HRS

- 1) Offences against public tranquility(S189-190)
- 2) Offences against public justice(S227-238)
- 3) Public Nuisance (S 270-273)

Unit IV: Offence Against Property

8 HRS

- 1) Theft(S303-307)
- 2) Extortion(S 308)
- 3) Robbery(S309 &S313)
- 4) Dacoity (S310-312)
- 5) Criminal misappropriation of property(S 314-315)
- 6) Criminal breach of trust (S316)
- 7) Receiving to Len property (S317)
- 8) Cheating(S318-319)

Referred Cases:

1. King v. Birendra kuma rGhosh (Common Intention)
2. Kehar Singh v. State of Delhi (Murder)
3. Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan (Sexual 1 Harassment)
4. Nalwah Ali v. State of UP (Common object)
5. Pawan Kumar v. State of Haryana (Cruelty)
6. Roopan Deol Bajaj v. K. P. S. Gill (Outraging modesty of women)
7. State of UP v. Sukhpal Singh & amp; Others(Dacoity & amp; Murder)
8. Bachan Singhv.State of Punjab(Capital Punishment)
9. Gian Kaur v. State of Punjab (Euthanasia Mercy Killing)
10. Satvirv .State of UP (Murder Common Intention)
11. Shilpa Mittal v.State of NCT Of Delhi(Juvenile Heinous Crime)
12. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India(Unnatural Offences)

13. Subed Ali v. State of Assam (Murder)
14. Satyam Dube v. Union of India(Hathras Rape case)
15. Joseph Shine v. Union of India (Adultery)

Suggested Readings:

1. C.K. Takwani, Indian Penal Code, EBC Publishing.
2. Ratanlal and Dhiraj lal, Indian Penal Code, Lexis Nexis
3. KD Guar, Criminal Law cases and material, Butter worths India 4.S.N.Mishra,
Indian
Penal Code, Central Law Publishing Agency
- 5.RC Nigam, Law of Crimes, Vol. I and II.

ANNEXURE III**With effect from 2025-26****Subject Code-(LAW 705/ ILA705/ ILM705)**

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN
B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B. VIIth
Semester Syllabus**

Procedural Law of Crimes-I (BNSS I)

L: T: P: 4:1:0**Credits-4****MM-100(70 +30 = 100)****3HRS****Total Credits-4**

OBJECTIVE:

The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023 (BNSS) replaces the outdated Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Cr.P.C.) with a modernized framework aimed at addressing contemporary legal challenges. Key provisions of the BNSS focus on introducing forensic and technological integration for serious crimes, establishing specific timelines to expedite the judicial process and reducing extensive backlogs. The new bill also balances the powers of the police. It includes necessary safeguards to prevent abuse, as well as enhances transparency in custody and detention processes. Additionally, the course objective is to update students on the basics of changed law with comprehension. The Course outlines constitution of criminal courts along with powers and to elucidate the reporting of crime to trial procedures. It further highlights key provisions of POCSO Act 2012.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

This Act will make the students study the latest criminal judicial process and will also help in developing an understanding of the new processes which are much needed in the legal process. Students will be updated with the latest provisions of punishment so that these future advocates will work to facilitate the judicial process.

Module I: (Sections1 to 124)8 HRS

1) Preliminary

- 2) Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices
- 3) Power of Courts
- 4) Powers of Superior Officers of Police and Aid to the Magistrates and the Police
- 5) Arrest of Persons
- 6) Processes to Compel Appearance
- 7) Processes to Compel the Production of Things
- 8) Reciprocal Arrangements for Assistance in Certain Matters and Procedure for Attachment and Forfeiture of Property

Module II: (Sections 125 to 226) 8 HRS

- 1) Security for Keeping the Peace and For Good Behaviour
- 2) Order for Maintenance of Wives, Children, and Parents
- 3) Maintenance Of Public Order and Tranquility
- 4) Preventive Action of the Police
- 5) Information to the Police and Their Powers to Investigate
- 6) Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials
- 7) Conditions Requisite for Initiation of Proceedings
- 8) Complaints to Magistrates

Module III: (Sections 227 to 306) 8 HRS

- 1) Commencement of Proceedings Before Magistrates
- 2) The Charge
- 3) Trial Before a Court of Session
- 4) Trial of Warrant-Cases by Magistrates
- 5) Trial of Summons-Cases by Magistrates
- 6) Summary Trials
- 7) Plea Bargaining
- 8) Attendance Of Persons Confined or Detained in Prisons

Module IV: POCSO Act 2012

- 1) **Child Definition & Offences:** Defines a child (under 18) and various sexual offences against them (penetration, sexual assault, etc.).
- 2) **Punishments:** Details penalties for different offences based on severity and child's age.
- 3) **Special Courts & Procedures:** Explains setting up Special Courts for POCSO cases and procedures for child-friendly trials.

4) **Reporting & Rehabilitation:** Covers procedures for mandatory reporting of offences and victim rehabilitation measures.

5) **Special Provisions:** Includes sections on pornography involving children, abetment of offences, and aggravated penetrative sexual assault

Suggested Readings:

1) New Criminal Laws–Criminal Manual containing BNS,BSA,BNSS –1st Edition 2024 by Bharat Law House: This book includes the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam (BSA), and the BNSS Act, all with updates for 2024.

2) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973(CrPC)[BareAct]byLexisNexisIndia

3) CrPC (Criminal Procedure Code) 1973byGurbachan Singh &Jagjit Singh.

4) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973byRatanlal&Dhirajlal.

5) Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC) by Dr. S.S. Rana

6) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973 byR. Kelkar

7) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973 by K.D. Gaur

8) The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act,2012(POCSO)[BareAct] by Lexis Nexis India

ANNEXURE IV

w.e.f. - 2025-26

Subject Code - (LAW805 / ILA 805 / ILM 805)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN
B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B .VIIIth
Semester Syllabus**

Procedural Law of Crimes – II (BNS II)

L:T:P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

OBJECTIVE:

The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023 (BNSS) replaces the outdated Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (CrPC) with a modernized framework aimed at addressing contemporary legal challenges. Key provisions of the BNSS focus on introducing forensic and technological integration for serious crimes, establishing specific timelines to expedite the judicial process and reducing extensive backlogs. The new Act also balances the powers of the police. It includes necessary safeguards to prevent abuse, as well as enhances transparency in custody and detention processes. Additionally, BNSS revises bail provisions and custody rules to better protect the rights of under trial prisoners. The course objective is to update students on the changed law. The Course further highlights the key provision of Juvenile Justice Act 2015 and Probation of offenders Act 1958.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

The BNSS will make the students study the latest criminal judicial process and will also help in developing an understanding of the new processes which are much needed in the legal process. Students will be updated with the latest provisions of punishment so that these future advocates will work to facilitate the judicial process. The goal of JJ Act 2015 is to ensure care and protection for children in conflict with law, while enabling rehabilitation and reintegration into society. Whereas the goal of

Probation of Offenders Act 1958 is to provide an alternative to imprisonment for first-time or petty offenders, promoting rehabilitation and reducing recidivism.

Module I:(Sections 307To 445) 8 HRS

- 1) Evidence In Inquiries and Trials
- 2) General Provisions as To Inquiries and Trials
- 3) Provisions as to Accused Persons of Unsound Mind
- 4) Provisions as to Offences Affecting the Administration of Justice
- 5) The Judgment
- 6) Submission of Death Sentences for Confirmation
- 7) Appeals
- 8) Reference and Revision

Module II: (Sections446To531) 8 HRS

- 1) Transfer of Criminal Cases
- 2) Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences
- 3) Provisions as to Bail and Bonds
- 4) Disposal of Property
- 5) Irregular Proceedings
- 6) Limitation for Taking Cognizance of Certain Offences
- 7) Miscellaneous

ModuleIII:JuvenileJusticeAct 2015 8 HRS

- 1) Child Classification.
- 2) Care and Protection:
- 3) Juvenile Offenders:
- 4) Heinous Offences.
- 5) Rehabilitation Reintegration
- 6) Adoption

Module IV: ProbationofOffendersAct1958. 8 HRS

- 1) Applicability &Condition
- 2) Probation Orders
- 3) Supervision &Reporting
- 4) Breach of Probation

5) Discharge &Effect

Suggested Readings:

- 1) New Criminal Laws– Criminal Manual containing BNS,BSA,BNSS –1stEdition 2024 by Bharat Law House: This book includes the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (BSA), and the BNSS Act, all with updates for 2024.
- 2) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973(CrPC)[BareAct] byLexis Nexis India.
- 3) The Code of CriminalProcedure, 1973byRatanlal&Dhirajlal.
- 4) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973byR. Kelkar
- 5) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973(with Latest Amendments)by M.P. Singh
- 6) TheJuvenileJustice(CareandProtectionofChildren)Act2015-CriticalAnalyses by Ved Kumari
- 7) Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act,2015BareAct(Print/eBook) by EBC
- 8) ProbationofOffendersAct,1958(Lawmann'sseries)byUniversalLawPublishing Co
- 9) The Probation of Offenders Act,1958 with State Amendments by Law &Justice Publishing Co.

ANNEXURE V only for 2024-25 LLBIII SEMESTER

Subject Code - (LUG302)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN
LLB-III SEMESTER
Syllabus**

Law of Crime-I (THE BHARATIYA NAYAY SANHITA, 2023)

L:T:P: 4:1:0	Credits-4
MM-100(70+ 30 = 100)	3HRS
TotalCredits-4	

Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the historical development of the Sanhita, the conceptual analysis of crime, and their punishments.
- To familiarize with the concept of criminal liability.
- To discuss the different kinds of inchoate crimes and the legal implications of offences against women and children.
- To explain the different offences affecting the human body like murder, grievous hurt organized crime, mob lynching etc. and offences affecting reputation.
- To acquaint the students with various acts that affect the State, public tranquility and false evidence.
- To explain the different offences relating to property.

Learning Outcomes: After completing the course, the student shall be able:

- To understand the extent and operation of the Sanhita.
- To analyze and interpret the concept of different kinds of offences and punishments.
- To interpret the concept of criminal liability.
- To analyze inchoate crime and different offences affecting women and children.
- To identify the various offence affecting the human body.
- To explain the different offence relating to State, public tranquility and property

4) Public Nuisance (S 270-273)

Unit V: Offence against Property & defamation

8 HRS

1) Theft (S303-307)

2) Extortion (S 308)

3) Robbery (S309 &S313)

4) Dacoity(S310-312)

5) Criminal misappropriation of property (S 314-315)

6) Criminal breach of trust (S316)

7) Receiving stolen property (S317)

8) Cheating (S318-319)

9) Defamation (S356)

Referred Cases:

1. King v. Birendra kumar Ghosh (Common Intention)
2. Kehar Singh v. State of Delhi (Murder)
3. Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan(Sexual Harassment)
4. Nalwah Ali v. State of UP (Common object)
5. Pawan Kumar v. State of Haryana (Cruelty)
6. Roopan Deol Bajaj v. K.P.S.Gill(Outraging modesty of women)
7. State of UP v. Sukhpal Singh& Others (Dacoity &Murder)
8. Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab(Capital Punishment)
9. Gian Kaur v. State of Punjab (Euthanasia Mercy Killing)
10. Satvir v. State of UP (Murder Common Intention)
11. Shilpa Mittal v. State of NCT Of Delhi (Juvenile Heinous Crime)
12. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India(Unnatural Offences)
13. Subed Ali v. State of Assam (Murder)
14. Satyam Dube v. Union of India(Hathras Rape case)
15. Joseph Shine v. Union of India (Adultery)

Suggested Readings:

1. C.K .Takwani ,Indian Penal Code, EBC Publishing.
2. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal, Indian Penal Code, LexisNexis
3. K D Guar, Criminal Law cases and material, Butterworths India4.S.N.Mishra, Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publishing Agency
- 5.RC Nigam, Law of Crimes, Vol. I and II

ANNEXURE VI

Only for 2024-25

Subject Code - (LUG401)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

LL.B. – III SEMESTER (Only for 2023-24 to 2025-26)

Syllabus

Law of Crimes - II (THE BHARATIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA, 2023, II)

L: T: P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

OBJECTIVE: The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023 (BNSS) replaces the outdated Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Cr.P.C.) with a modernized framework aimed at addressing contemporary legal challenges. Key provisions of the BNSS focus on introducing forensic and technological integration for serious crimes, establishing specific timelines to expedite the judicial process and reducing extensive backlogs. The new Act also balances the powers of the police. It includes necessary safeguards to prevent abuse, as well as enhances transparency in custody and detention processes. Additionally, the course objective is to update students on the basics of changed law with comprehension. The Course outlines the constitution of criminal courts along with powers and elucidates the reporting of crime to trial procedures. It further highlights key provisions of the POCSO Act 2012.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

These Act willmakethe students study the latest criminal judicial process and will also help in developing an understanding of the new processes which are much needed in the legal process. Students will be updated with the latest provisions of punishment so that these future advocates will work to facilitate the judicial process.

Module I: (Sections1to143)

8 HRS

- 1) Preliminary
- 2) Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices
- 3) Power of Courts
- 4) Powers of Superior Officers of Police and Aid to the Magistrates and the Police

- 5) Arrest of Persons
- 6) Processes to Compel Appearance
- 7) Processes to Compel the Production of Things
- 8) Security for Keeping the Peace and For Good Behaviour

Module II: (Sections 144 to 247)

8 HRS

- 1) Order for Maintenance of Wives, Children, and Parents
- 2) Maintenance Of Public Order and Tranquility
- 3) Preventive Action of the Police
- 4) Information to the Police and Their Powers to Investigate
- 5) Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials
- 6) Conditions Requisite for Initiation of Proceedings
- 7) Complaints to Magistrates
- 8) Commencement of Proceedings Before Magistrates
- 9) The Charge

Module III: (Sections 248 to 412)

8 HRS

- 1) Trial Before a Court of Session
- 2) Trial of Warrant-Cases by Magistrates
- 3) Trial of Summons-Cases by Magistrates
- 4) Summary Trials
- 5) Plea Bargaining
- 6) Attendance Of Persons Confined or Detained in Prisons
- 7) Evidence In Inquiries and Trials
- 8) General Provisions as To Inquiries and Trials
- 9) The Judgment
- 10) Submission of Death Sentences for Confirmation

Module IV: (Sections 413 To 531)

8 HRS

- 1) Appeals
- 2) Reference and Revision
- 3) Transfer of Criminal Cases
- 4) Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences
- 5) Provisions as to Bail and Bonds
- 6) Disposal of Property
- 7) Irregular Proceedings
- 8) Limitation for Taking Cognizance of Certain Offence

9) Miscellaneous

Module V: PART 1- Juvenile Justice Act 2015

**8 H
4HRS**

- 1) Child Classification.
- 2) Care and Protection.
- 3) Juvenile Offenders
- 4) Heinous Offence
- 5) Rehabilitation & Reintegration
- 6) Adoption

Part2- Probation of offenders Act1958.

4 HRS

- 1) Applicability & Condition
- 2) Probation Orders
- 3) Supervision & Reporting
- 4) Breach of Probation
- 5) Discharge & Effect

Suggested Readings:

- 1) New Criminal Laws–Criminal Manual containing BNS,BSA,BNSS –1stEdition 2024 by Bharat Law House: This book includes the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (BSA), and the BNSS Act, all with updates for 2024.
- 2) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973(CrPC) [Bare Act]by Lexis Nexis India
- 3) CrPC (Criminal Procedure Code) 1973 by Gurbachan Singh & Jagjit Singh.
- 4) The Code of CriminalProcedure,1973by Ratanlal &Dhirajlal.
- 5) Criminal Procedure Code (Cr.P.C.) by Dr. S.S. Rana
- 6) The Code of Criminal Procedure,1973by R. Kelkar
- 7) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973byK.D. Gaur
- 8) The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012 (POCSO)[BareAct] by Lexis Nexis India

ANNEXURE VII WEF----2024-25

Subject Code-(LUG106)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

LL.B. Ist Semester

Syllabus

Substantial Law of Crimes –I (THE BHARATIYA NAYAY SANHITA, 2023 I)

L:T:P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the historical development of the Sanhita, the conceptual analysis of crime, and their punishments.
- To familiarize with the concept of criminal liability.
- To discuss the different kinds of inchoate crimes and the legal implications of offences against women and children.

Learning Outcomes: After completing the course, the student shall be able:

- To understand the extent and operation of the Sanhita.
- To analyse and interpret the concept of different kinds of offences and punishments.
- To interpret the concept of criminal liability.
- To analyse inchoate crime and different offences affecting women and children.

Unit I: Introduction

8 HRS

- 1) Nature, definition and type of crimes
- 2) Elements of crime- Actus reas and Mens rea
- 3) Stages of crime
- 4) Intention and Theories of Negligence
- 5) Theories of Punishment

Unit II: Definitions, General Explanations and General Exceptions

8 HRS

- 1) Definitions and General explanation(S2-3)

2) Punishments(S4-13)

3) General Exceptions (S14-44)

Unit III: Inchoate Crimes & Offence Against Women

8 HRS

1) Abetment(S45-60)

2) Criminal Conspiracy(S-61)

3) Attempt (S-62)

Unit IV: Offence against Women and Child

8 HRS

1) Sexual offence(S63-73)

2) Criminal force and assault against women (S 74-79)

3) Offence relating to marriage – Dowry Death (S80). Bigamy (S82) & Cruelty (S85-86)

4) Offence against Child(S91-97)

Referred Cases:

1. King v. Birendra kumar Ghosh(Common Intention)
2. Kehar Singh v. State of Delhi (Murder)
3. Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan(Sexual Harassment)
4. Nalwah Ali v. State of UP (Common object)
5. Pawan Kumar v. State of Haryana (Cruelty)
6. Roopan Deol Bajaj v. K.P.S. Gill(Outraging modesty of women)
7. State of UP v. Sukhpal Singh & Others (Dacoity & Murder)
8. Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab(Capital Punishment)
9. Gian Kaur v. State of Punjab (Euthanasia Mercy Killing)
10. Satvir v. State of UP (Murder Common Intention)
11. Shilpa Mittal v. State of NCT Of Delhi(Juvenile Heinous Crime)\
12. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India (Unnatural Offences)
13. Subed Ali v. State of Assam (Murder)
14. Satyam Dube v. Union of India (Hathras Rape case)
15. Joseph Shine v. Union of India (Adultery)

Suggested Readings:

1. C.K. Takwani, Indian Penal Code, EBC Publishing.
2. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal, Indian Penal Code, LexisNexis
3. KD Guar, Criminal Law cases and material, Butter worths India
4. S.N.Mishra, Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publishing Agency
5. RC Nigam, Law of Crimes, Vol. I and II

ANNEXURE VIII

WEF2024-25

Subject Code - (LUG206)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

LL.B.2nd Semester

Syllabus

Substantial Law of Crimes –II (THE BHARATIYA NAYAY SANHITA, 2023, II)

L:T:P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the historical development of the Sanhita, the
- Conceptual analysis of crime, and their punishments..
- To explain the different offences affecting the human body like murder, grievous hurt, organised crime, mob lynching etc. and offences affecting reputation.
- To acquaint the students with various acts that affect the State, public tranquility and false evidence.
- To explain the different offences relating to property.

Learning Outcomes: After completing the course, the student shall be able:

- To understand the basic doctrinal philosophy of the Sanhita.
- To identify the various offences affecting the human body.
- To explain the different offences relating to State, public tranquility and property.

Unit I: Offence Affecting Human Body

8 HRS

- 1) Offences affecting life
- 2) Culpable Homicide (S100, 102, 105, 110)
- 3) Murder(S 101,103, 104, 109)
- 4) Suicide(S 107-108)
- 5) Organised crime(S111-112)

- 6). Terrorist Act(S113)
- 7) Hurt(S114-125)
- 8) Wrongful Restraint and confinement(S126-127)
- 9) Criminal force and assault(S128-136)
- 10) Kidnapping, abduction, slavery and forced labour(S137-146)

Unit II: Offence Against State and Defamation

8 HRS

- 1) Offence against the state(S147-158)
- 2) Defamation(S356)

Unit: III Offence against Public Tranquility, Public Justice and Public Nuisance

8HRS

- 1) Offences against public tranquility(S189-190)
- 2) Offences against public justice(S227-238)
- 3) Public Nuisance(S 270-273)

Unit IV: Offence Against Property

8 HRS

- 1) Theft(S303-307)
- 2) Extortion(S 308)
- 3) Robbery(S309 &S313)
- 4) Dacoity(S310-312)
- 5) Criminal misappropriation of property(S 314-315)
- 6) Criminal breach of trust (S316)
- 7) Receiving stolen property(S317)
- 8) Cheating(S318-319)

Referred Cases:

1. King v. Birendra kumar Ghosh (Common Intention)
2. Kehar Sing hv. State of Delhi (Murder)
3. Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan(Sexual 1 Harassment)
4. Nalwah Ali v. State of UP (Common object)
5. Pawan Kumar v. State of Haryana (Cruelty)
6. Roopan Deol Bajaj v. K.P.S. Gill (Outraging modesty of women)
7. State of UP v. Sukhpal Singh & amp; Others (Dacoity&Murder)
8. Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab(Capital Punishment)
9. Gian Kaur v. State of Punjab (Euthanasia Mercy Killing)
10. Satvir v. State of UP (Murder Common Intention)

11. Shilpa Mittal v. State of NCT Of Delhi(Juvenile Heinous Crime)\
12. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India (Unnatural Offences)
13. Subed Ali v. State of Assam (Murder)
14. Satyam Dube v. Union of India (Hathras Rape case)
15. Joseph Shine v. Union of India (Adultery)

Suggested Readings:

1. C.K. Takwani, Indian Penal Code, EBC Publishing.
2. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal, Indian Penal Code, LexisNexis
3. K D Guar, Criminal Law cases and material, Butter worths India 4.S.N.Mishra, Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publishing Agency
5. RC Nigam, Law of Crimes, Vol. I and II.

ANNEXURE IX WEF --- 2024-25

Subject Code-(LUG301)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

LL.B. IIIrd Semester(2024-25onwards)

Syllabus

**Procedural Law of Crime-I (THE BHARATIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA,
2023, I)**

L:T:P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

OBJECTIVE:

The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023 (BNSS) replaces the outdated Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (CrPC) with a modernized framework aimed at addressing contemporary legal challenges. Key provisions of the BNSS focus on introducing forensic and technological integration for serious crimes, establishing specific timelines to expedite the judicial process and reducing extensive backlogs. The new Act also balances the powers of the police. It includes necessary safeguards to prevent abuse, as well as enhances transparency in custody and detention processes.

Additionally, the course objective is to update students on the basics of changed law with comprehension. The Course outlines constitution of criminal courts along with powers and to elucidate the reporting of crime to trial procedures. It further highlights key provisions of POCSO Act 2012.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

These Act will make the students study the latest criminal judicial process and will also help in developing an understanding of the new processes which are much needed in the legal process. Students will be updated with the latest provisions of punishment so that these future advocates will work to facilitate the judicial process.

Module I: (Sections 1 to 124)8 HRS

- 1) Preliminary
- 2) Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices
- 3) Power of Courts

- 4) Powers of Superior Officers of Police and Aid to the Magistrates and the Police
- 5) Arrest of Persons
- 6) Processes to Compel Appearance
- 7) Processes to Compel the Production of Things
- 8) Reciprocal Arrangements for Assistance in Certain Matters and Procedure for Attachment and Forfeiture of Property

Module II: (Sections 125 to 226) 8 HRS

- 1) Security for Keeping the Peace and For Good Behaviour
- 2) Order for Maintenance of Wives, Children, and Parents
- 3) Maintenance Of Public Order and Tranquility
- 4) Preventive Action of the Police
- 5) Information to the Police and Their Powers to Investigate
- 6) Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials
- 7) Conditions Requisite for Initiation of Proceedings
- 8) Complaints to Magistrates

Module III: (Sections 227 to 306) 8 HRS

- 1) Commencement of Proceedings Before Magistrates
- 2) The Charge
- 3) Trial Before a Court of Session
- 4) Trial of Warrant-Cases by Magistrates
- 5) Trial of Summons – Cases by Magistrates
- 6) Summary Trials
- 7) Plea Bargaining
- 8) Attendance Of Persons Confined or Detained in Prisons

Module IV: POCSO Act 2012

- 1) **Child Definition & Offences:** Defines a child (under 18) and various sexual offences against them (penetration, sexual assault, etc.).
- 2) **Punishments:** Details penalties for different offences based on severity and child's age.
- 3) **Special Courts & Procedures:** Explains setting up Special Courts for POCSO cases and procedures for child-friendly trials.
- 4) **Reporting & Rehabilitation:** Covers procedures for mandatory reporting of offences and victim rehabilitation measures.

5) Special Provisions: Includes sections on pornography involving children, abetment of offences, and aggravated penetrative sexual assault

Suggested Readings:

- 1) New Criminal Laws– Criminal Manual containing BNS, BSA, BNSS –1st Edition 2024 by Bharat Law House: This book includes the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (BSA), and the BNSS Act, all with updates for 2024.
- 2) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Cr.P.C.) [Bare Act] by Lexis Nexis India
- 3) CrPC (Criminal Procedure Code) 1973 by Gurbachan Singh & Jagjit Singh.
- 4) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 by Ratanlal & Dhirajlal.
- 5) Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC) by Dr. S.S. Rana
- 6) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 by R. Kelkar
- 7) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 by K.D. Gaur
- 8) The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012 (POCSO) [Bare Act] by Lexis Nexis India

ANNEXUREX WEF...2024-25

Subject Code-(LUG401)

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN**

LL.B. IVth Semester

Syllabus

**Substantial Law of Crime-II (THE BHARATIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA,
2023, II)**

L:T:P: 4:1:0

Credits-4

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

3HRS

TotalCredits-4

Objectives:

- To acquaint the students with the historical development of the Sanhita, the
- Conceptual analysis of crime, and their punishments..
- To explain the different offences affecting the human body like murder, grievous hurt organised crime, mob lynching etc. and offences affecting reputation.
- To acquaint the students with various acts that affect the State, public tranquility and false evidence.
- To explain the different offences relating to property.

Learning Out comes: After completing the course, the student shall be able:

- To understand the basic doctrinal philosophy of the Sanhita.
- To identify the various offences affecting the human body.
- To explain the different offences relating to State, public tranquility and property.

UnitI: Offence Affecting Human Body

8 HRS

- 1) Offences affecting life
- 2) Culpable Homicide (S100, 102, 105, 110)
- 3) Murder(S 101,103, 104, 109)
- 4) Suicide(S 107-108)
- 5) Organised crime(S111-112)
- 6).Terrorist Act (S113)

- 7) Hurt (S114-125)
- 8) Wrongful Restraint and confinement (S126-127)
- 9) Criminal force and assault(S 128-136)
- 10) Kidnapping, abduction, slavery and forced labour(S137-146)

Unit II: Offence Against State and Defamation

8 HRS

- 1) Offence against the state(S147-158)
- 2) Defamation(S356)

Unit: III Offence against Public Tranquility, Public Justice and Public Nuisance

8HRS

- 1) Offences against public tranquility(S189-190)
- 2) Offences against public justice (S227-238)
- 3) Public Nuisance (S 270-273)

Unit IV: Offence against Property

8 HRS

- 1) Theft (S303-307)
- 2) Extortion (S 308)
- 3) Robbery(S309 &S313)
- 4) Dacoity(S310-312)
- 5) Criminal misappropriation of property (S314-315)
- 6) Criminal breach of trust (S316)
- 7) Receiving stolen property(S317)
- 8) Cheating (S318-319)

Referred Cases:

1. King v. Birendra kumar Ghosh(Common Intention)
2. Kehar Singh v. State of Delhi (Murder)
3. Vishakha v. State of Rajasthan(Sexual 1 Harassment)
4. Nalwah Ali v. State of UP (Common object)
5. Pawan Kumar v. State of Haryana (Cruelty)
6. Roopan Deol Bajaj v. K.P.S. Gill (Outraging modesty of women)
7. State of UP v. Sukhpal Singh & amp; Others(Dacoity & amp; Murder)
8. Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab (Capital Punishment)
9. Gian Kaur v.State of Punjab (Euthanasia Mercy Killing)
10. Satvir v.State of UP (Murder Common Intention)
11. Shilpa Mittal v. State of NCT Of Delhi(Juvenile Henious Crime)

12. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India (Unnatural Offences)
13. Subed Ali v. State of Assam (Murder)
14. Satyam Dube v. Union of India (Hathras Rape case)
15. Joseph Shine v. Union of India (Adultery)

Suggested Readings:

1. C.K. Takwani, Indian Penal Code, EBC Publishing.
2. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal, Indian Penal Code, LexisNexis
3. K D Guar, Criminal Law cases and material ,Butterworths India
4. S.N. Mishra, Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publishing Agency
5. RC Nigam, Law of Crimes, Vol. I and II.

ANNEXURE XI WEF 2024-25 and with current semester
Code: LAW701 /ILA 701 / ILM701 / LUG 501

**VEER MADHO SINGH BHANDARI UTTARAKHAND TECHNICALUNIVERSITY,
 DEHRADUN**

**B.A.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B .VIIth SEMESTERandLLB5thSemester
 Syllabus**

BHARATIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM 2023

L:T:P: 4:1:0

MM-100(70 +30 = 100)

TotalCredits-4

Credits-4

3HRS

OBJECTIVES:

1. To develop an understanding of the fundamental concept of Evidence and substantive and procedural provisions of the Law of Evidence (BharatiyaSakshya Adhinyam).
2. To define and clarify the role of the Law of Evidence (BharatSakshyaAdhinyam) in civil and criminal proceedings.
3. To state the relevancy and admissibility off acts.
4. To explain the concept of proof and the burden of proof.
5. To describe the order of examinations privileged communication and witnesses.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

After completing the course curriculum, the students will be able to:

1. Analyze the concept and nature of different types of Evidence.
2. To evaluate their liability of relevance of Evidence.
3. Analyze the provisions relating to relevance of Evidence and admissibility of facts.
4. Understand the burden of proof followed in civil and criminal cases.
5. Analyze the rules of order of examinations and competency of witnesses and different kinds of witnesses involved in proceedings.

UnitI:Introduction

8 HRS

- a) Concept of Evidence
- b) Historical background, reason & objective of law of evidence.
- c) The fundamental principles of law of evidence.
- d) Nature and purpose of law of evidence in civil and criminal cases.
- e) Definitions
 - i. Distinction between Proved, Disproved & Not Proved.
 - ii. Distinction between May Presume, Shall Presume & Conclusive Proof.
- f) Division of evidence –Direct, Indirect, Real, Personal, Original, Hearsay, Primary, Secondary, Oral, Documentary, Judicial &Extrajudicial.

Unit II: Relevancy & Admissibility of Facts-I

8 HRS

- a. Facts, Distinction between relevant facts and facts in issue,(See 3)
- b. Doctrine of Res Gestae (Sec4)(Ss5 – 7)
- c. Evidence of Common Intention – relating to conspiracy (Sec8)

- d. Facts are otherwise irrelevant when relevant.(Sec 9)
- e. Relevant facts for proof of custom.(Sec11)
- f. Facts concerning mental state or body(Sec12)
- g. Admission(Ss 15-21, 25)
- h. Confession(Ss22-24)

Unit III: Relevancy & Admissibility of Facts– II

8 HRS

- a) Statements by persons who cannot be called as witnesses(s26-27)
- b) Statements made under special circumstances (s-28-32)
- c) How much of a statement is to be proved (s.33)
- d) Relevance of judgment (s.34-3)
- e) Opinion of third person when relevant(s.39)
- f) Character when relevant(Ss46-50)

Unit IV: On Proof & Burden of Proof

8 HRS

- a) Facts which need not be proved(Ss51-53)
- b) Oral Evidence(Ss54-55)
- c) Documentary Evidence (Ss 56-73)
- d) Presumptions as to documents(Ss78-93)
- e) Exclusion of oral by documentary evidence (Ss94– 103)
- f) Burden of Proof (Ss104– 120)

Unit V: Estoppel & Witnesses

8 HRS

- a) Estoppel (Ss 121 -123)
- b) Who may testify (Ss124-126)
- c) Judicial privileges (Sec127)
- d) Privileged Communication (Ss128-134)
- e) Rules relating to production of title deeds & documents or electronic records (Ss 135 -136)
- f) Accomplice and rules regarding evidence of an accomplice (Sec138)
- g) Examination of witnesses(Ss140 -168)
- h) Appreciation of evidence
- i) Improper admission & rejection of evidence(Sec 169)

Referred cases:

1. State of Maharashtra V. Praful B.Desai(Evidence by means of electronic records)
2. Iqbal Singh Marwah V. Meenakshi Marwah (Degree of standard of Proof)
3. State of U.P. v. Deoman Upadhyaya (Presumption of Innocence)
4. State of Assam V. Mahim Barkakati (Testimony of Police officer)
5. State of Karnataka V. Papanaiika (Post-mortem Report)
6. State of Maharashtra V. Vasudeo Ramchandra Kaidal war(Burden of Proof)
7. Rita Pandit V.Atul Pandit (Examination in chief)
8. Pakala Narain Swami v. Emperor (Dying Declaration)
9. Arjun Pandit rao Khotkar v.Kailash K Gorantyal & Ors (admissibility of e-evidence)
10. Bohda & Others v. State of J&K(Circumstantial Evidence)
11. Kalyan Kumar Gogoi v.Ashtosh Agnihotri(Hearsay Evidence)

Recommended Books:(The latest edition)

1. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal "The Law of Evidence, Lexis Nexis.
2. Dr. Avtar Singh Indian Evidence Act, Central Law Publications.
3. Batuk Lal, Law of Evidence, Central Law Agency.
4. Rameshwar Dayal: Commentaries on Indian Evidence Act, Allahabad Law Agency.
5. V.P. Sarathi's Law of Evidence, Eastern Book Company.